SURNAME	FIRST NAME
JUNIOR SCHOOL	SENIOR SCHOOL



COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION AT 11+

MATHEMATICS

Specimen Paper

(for first examination in Autumn 2016)

Please read this information before the examination starts.

- This examination is 60 minutes long.
- Please try **all** the questions.
- Write your answers on the dotted lines.
- All working should be written on the paper.
- Tracing paper may be used.
- Calculators are not allowed.
- Fraction answers should be given in their simplest form.



Write down the answers to these questions. 1. (You may work them out in your head.) (i) 48 + 35 Answer: (1) (ii) 613 – 123 Answer: (1) (iii) 28 ÷ 4 Answer: (1) (iv) 2^{3} Answer: (1) (v) twenty-five percent of eighty Answer: (1) (vi) 6.3 × 100 Answer: (1) (vii) 398 + 297 Answer: (1) (viii) 27 × 5 Answer: (1)

\mathbf{O}	(a)	Mrite down all the	primo pumboro	botwoon 10 and 20	۱.
Z. (a)	vulle down all the		Delween TU anu Zu	,
<u> </u>	(~)				

		Answer:	(2)
	(b) Write down the first three multiples of 12		
		Answer:	(1)
	(c) Write down all the factors of 16		
		Answer:	(2)
3	A box of 7 grapefruit costs £3.29		
0.	(i) What is the east of an environment of		
	(i) vynat is the cost of one grapefruit?		

Give your answer in pence.

Answer: p (2)

Patrick buys 2 boxes of grapefruit and pays with a £20 note.

(ii) How much change should he receive?

4. These thermometers show the temperatures inside and outside a window at 10 a.m. one winter's day.



- (i) How many degrees warmer was it inside than outside the window?
 - Answer:°C (1)

At 10 p.m., the temperature outside had fallen by 2 °C.

- (ii) What was the temperature outside the window at 10 p.m.?
 - Answer:°C (1)
- 5. Fill in the boxes to make the following statements true.

(i)
$$8 + 4 \times \bigcirc = 36$$
 (1)

(ii)
$$5 \times (4 - \bigcirc) = 15$$

(1)

(1)

(iii)
$$10 - (5 +) = -3$$

Shape **P** is drawn on the centimetre-square grid below. 6.

						P								
	(i)	Reflect sl Label the	hape new	P in tl shape	he da e Q .	shed	line.							(2)
	(ii)	Translate Label the	shap new	be P shap	<i>3 un.</i> e R .	its rig	ht a	nd ∠	4 units	s up.				(2)
	(iii)	Work out Give your	the a r ansv	irea o wer w	f shap ith the	be P . e corr	ect u	nits.						
										Ar	nswer	 	 	(2)
7.	(a)	Write dov (i) V	vn the	e valu	e of tl	nese	Roma	an nui	meral	S.				
										Ar	nswer	 	 	(1)
		(ii) M								۸r				(1)
			· -								ISWE	 	 	(1)
	(a)	wnich ye	aris	writtei	n in H	iomar	1 num	ierais	as M	IVIXVI Ar				(1)
S.A.	. 281	15S 03						5			10 100	 	 Turn	over

8. (a) Work out the following.

(i) 3579 + 1824

(ii) 3579 - 1824

Answer: (2)

(iii) 264 × 27

(iv) 1595 ÷ 11

Answer: (2)

(b) Round 2089 to the nearest 100

Answer: (1)

Calculate the mean of these numbers. 9. 9 14 7 17 8 Answer: (2) 10. Here is a list of fractions: $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ <u>15</u> 11 <u>8</u> 12 $\frac{4}{5}$ Choose from the list (i) a fraction which is greater than 1 Answer: (1) (ii) a fraction equivalent to 80% Answer: (1) (iii) a fraction equivalent to 0.75 Answer: (1) (iv) a fraction which is not in its simplest form Answer: (1) 11. A sunflower is 150 cm tall. How tall will it be if its height increases by 10%? Answer: cm (2)

12. Here are 5 number cards:

The cards can be put together to form numbers.

For example, the smallest number which could be made using 4 of the cards is:



- (i) Using all 5 cards
 - (a) what is the largest possible even number?

Answer: (1)

(b) what is the number which is closest to 80 000?

Answer: (1)

(ii) Use exactly 2 of the cards to make the smallest possible prime number.

Answer: (1)

(iii) Arrange any 4 of the cards to show a sum below which will give the smallest possible answer.

$$(1)$$

13. Put these distances in order from smallest to largest.

27.8 km 2.087 km 2.778 m 2.708 km Answer:,,,,,, (3) smallest largest

14. (i) Draw accurately triangle *ABC* where *AB* = 5.5 cm, angle *A* = 45° and angle *B* = 90° (*Point A is already drawn for you.*)

		——————————————————————————————————————				(3)
(ii)	Measure	and write down the	e length of side l	BC.		
				Answer:	cm	(1)
(iii)		equilateral	isosceles	scalene	right-angled	
	Circle an	y appropriate word	s from the box a	bove to descril	be triangle <i>ABC</i> .	
	Give reas	sons for your answ	er.			
						$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$
						(2)

- 15. (i) Two identical rectangles are divided into 15 equal squares.
 - (a) Shade $\frac{3}{5}$ of this rectangle:

(b) Shade $\frac{2}{3}$ of this rectangle:

_

(1)

(1)

(C)	Which is larger: Give a reason f	$\frac{3}{5}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$.	swer.						
	Answer: because								
							(2)		
(ii) Arr	ange these fraction	ons in ord	er from s	mallest	to larges t	t.			
		$1\frac{1}{3}$	<u>2</u> 3	<u>4</u> 5	<u>13</u> 15	<u>3</u> 5			
An	swer: smallest	,	, .		,	largest	(2)		

- 16. Work out
 - (i) $\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{6}$

Answer: (2)

(ii) $\frac{2}{5} \times 3$

Write your answer as a mixed number. (You may use the diagrams to help you.)



17. In a box of 24 pens, one eighth are green, 25% are red and the rest are blue.

What fraction of the pens is blue?

Answer: (3)

18. (a) Jake hangs a peg basket on a washing line.

Find the size of one of the shaded angles in the diagram above, if both are the same size.

Answer:° (2)

(b) The diagram below shows two straight lines.

Find the sizes of the angles marked *a*, *b* and *c*.

19. Sarah measured the temperature of a beaker of liquid every 10 minutes during a science experiment.

She plotted her results on the graph below.

(i) What was the lowest temperature of the beaker?

Answer:°C (1)

(ii) At what time was the temperature of the beaker $15 \degree C$?

Answer: (1)

Sarah measured the temperature of the beaker again 4 hours and 30 minutes after the last reading on the graph.

(iii) At what time did she take this measurement?

Answer: (1)

20. Farmer Jack and Farmer Giles each have a rectangular field.

Farmer Josephine also has a rectangular field.

The width of Farmer Josephine's field is x m and the length is y m.

Farmer Josephine builds a fence along the perimeter of her field.

(v) If the total length of this fence is 30 m, write down two possible values of x and y.

Answer: $x = \dots m$ and $y = \dots m$ or $x = \dots m$ and $y = \dots m$ (2)

21. Sanjay is making purple paint.

- (i) If he uses 6 litres of red paint, how much blue paint should he use?
 - Answer: litres (1)
- (ii) How much blue paint is needed to make 35 litres of purple paint?

Answer: litres (2)

22. (a) Annie and Bradley each think of a number. The difference between their numbers is 6 The sum of their numbers is 20 What are the two numbers?

Answer: and (1)

(b) Alice thinks of a number.
Alice calls her number *a*.
Alice adds 7 to her number, and then doubles her answer.
Write an expression, using *a*, to show what Alice does.

 (c) Jack thinks of a number. Jack calls his number *n*.
 Jack multiplies his number by 3, and then subtracts 5
 He gets the answer 16
 Use this information to write down an equation, and then solve it to find *n*.

Answer: *n* =(2)